Quantification of the statistical learning theory for dynamic system identification

Abdelkader Metakalard*1,2

¹Centre de Recherche en Automatique de Nancy – CNRS, universté de lorraine – France ²Laboratoire Lorrain de Recherche en Informatique et ses Applications – Université de Lorraine – France

Résumé

This presentation provides statistical guarantees on the accuracy of dynamical models learned from dependent data sequences. Specifically, we develop uniform error bounds that apply to quantized models and imperfect optimization algorithms commonly used in practical contexts for system identification. Two families of bounds are obtained: slow-rate bounds via a block decomposition and fast-rate, variance-adaptive, bounds via a novel spaced-point strategy. The bounds scale with the number of bits required to encode the model and thus translate hardware constraints into interpretable statistical complexities.

^{*}Intervenant